

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$$

1. What is the de Broglie wavelength (in nm) associated with a 2.5 g Ping-Pong ball traveling at 15.6 m/s?

On Power Point

2. What is the wavelength of an electron moving at 5.31×10^6 m/sec?
Given: mass of electron = 9.11×10^{-31} kg

$$\lambda = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{(9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg})(5.31 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s})}$$

$$\lambda = 1.37 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$$

3. Find the de Broglie wavelength for an electron moving at the speed of 6.63×10^6 m/s

$$\lambda = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{(6.63 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s})(9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg})}$$

$$\lambda = 1.10 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$$

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$$\Delta E = R_H \left(\frac{1}{n_i^2} - \frac{1}{n_f^2} \right)$$

$$R_H = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$$

1. Calculate the wavelength (in nm) of a photon emitted by a hydrogen atom when its electron drops from the $n = 5$ state to the $n = 3$ state.

$$\Delta E = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \left(\frac{1}{25} - \frac{1}{9} \right)$$

$$\Delta E = -1.55 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$1.55 \times 10^{-19} = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \cdot 3 \times 10^8}{\lambda}$$

$$c = \lambda \nu$$

$$E = h \nu$$

$$\nu = \frac{c}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = 1.28 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$1.28 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} \times \frac{1 \times 10^9 \text{ nm}}{1 \text{ m}} = 1.28 \times 10^3 \text{ nm}$$

2. What is the energy change when an electron drops from the $n=3$ energy state to the $n=1$ energy state in a hydrogen atom?

$$\Delta E = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \left(\frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{1} \right)$$

$$\Delta E = -1.94 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$$

2. What is the change in energy when an electron relaxes from the $n=3$ state to the $n=2$ state? Is energy absorbed or emitted? What is the wavelength of light associated with this transition?

$$\Delta E = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \left(\frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$\Delta E = -3.03 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$(\lambda) 3.03 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} = \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34}) (3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = 6.56 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m or } 656 \text{ nm}$$